Passion for Innovation.
Compassion for Patients.™



Top Management Presentation

Financial Results of Fiscal Year 2013

Joji Nakayama

President and CEO

May 16, 2014

Overview of FY2013 Results



IFRS

JPY Bn

	FY2012 Results	FY2013 Results	YoY
Revenue	994.7	1118.2	+12.4%
Cost of Sales	338.5	402.3	+63.8
R&D Expenses	184.4	191.2	+6.8
SG&A Expenses	373.0	413.2	+40.2
Operating Income	98.7	111.6	+13.0%
Income before income taxes	95.9	99.8	+3.9
Net income (Owners of the company)	64.0	60.9	-4.8% -3.1

	dend share	60 yen	60 yen
	USD/JPY (average)	83.11	100.24
Currency Rate	EUR/JPY (average)	107.15	134.38
Nate	INR/JPY (Average)	1.50	1.68

Reference*: J-GAAP

JPY Bn

			JPY BN
		FY2012 Results	FY2013 Results
Ne	et Sales	997.9	1,118.8
Со	st of Sales	313.7	375.5
SG	&A Expenses	583.7	627.3
	R&D Expenses	183.0	189.7
	Other Expenses	400.6	437.6
	perating come	100.5	115.9
Ord	dinary Income	99.1	105.0
	come before	92.1	109.3
Ne	et Income	66.6	65.7

^{*}Non audit for FY2013 results on J-GAAP

FY2013 Results

-Reference*: GAAP variance-



JPY Bn

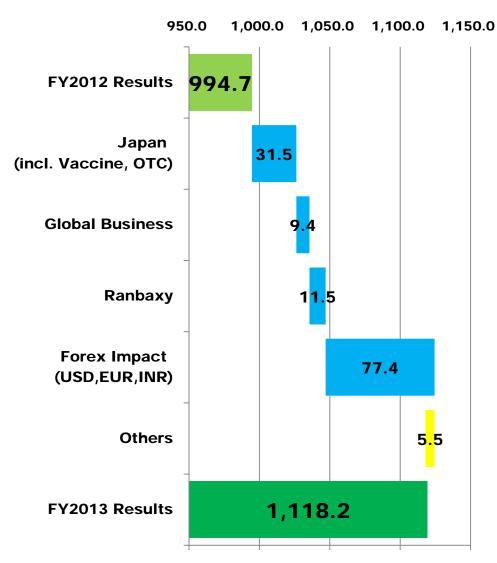
	IFRS	J-GAAP	variance	Main Reasons
Revenue	1,118.2	1,118.8	-0.5	Provision for sales returns -0.5
Cost of Sales	402.3	375.5	+26.8	Transfer from SG&A expenses +16.3 (Amortization for Non-current assets+8.0, Transfer of Royalty+8.3) Transfer from Non-operating income/expenses, Extraordinary income/losses +7.8
R&D Expenses	191.2	189.7	+1.5	Transfer to Cost of sales -16.3 Transfer from Non-operating income/expenses,
SG&A Expenses	413.2	437.6	-24.4	Extraordinary income/losses +4.6 Non-amortization of goodwill -7.6
Operating Income	111.6	115.9	-4.4	Transfer from Non-operating income/expenses, Extraordinary income/losses -12.6 Non-amortization of goodwill +7.6
Income before income taxes	99.8	109.3	-9.5	Transfer sale of investment securities gains to comprehensive income -16.4 Non-amortization of goodwill +7.6
Net income (Owners of the company)	60.9	65.7	-4.7	

*Non audit for FY2013 results on J-GAAP

FY2013 Revenue







Positive Factors

Negative Factors

Japan

- +: Nexium +32.7, Memary +9.5, Ranmark +3.6 Olmetec/Rezaltas +2.3
- -: Mevalotin -4.3, Cravit -2.4, Calblock -2.0

Global business

- Daiichi Sankyo Inc. (DSI) ± 0
- ·Luitpold Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (LPI) -5.8
- ·Daiichi Sankyo Europe GmbH (DSE) +2.5
- •Asia, South and Central America (ASCA) +12.6*

 *including currency impact

Ranbaxy (RLL)

15month financial period (An additional Qtr.) +415

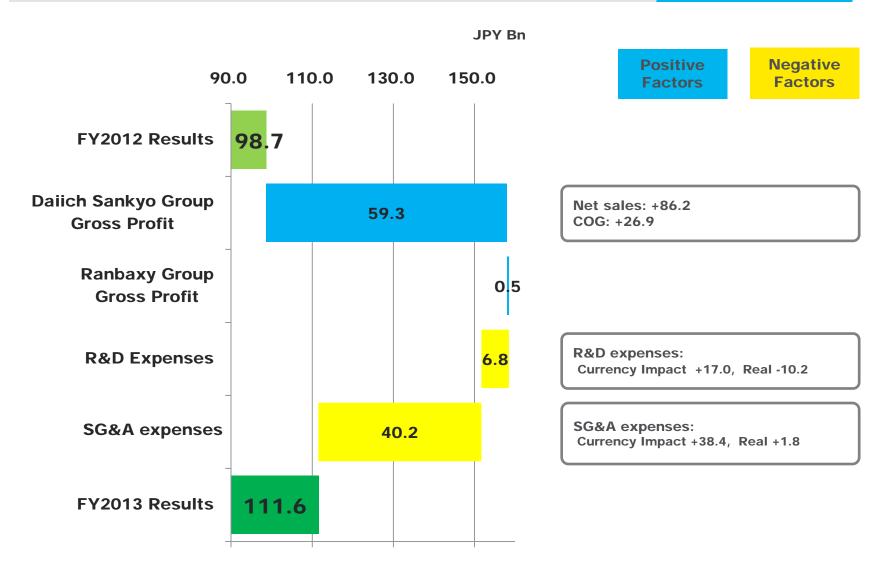
Currency Impact

USD: +37.6 EUR: +16.1 INR: +23.6

Currency Rate		FY2012 Results	FY2013 Results
	USD/JPY	83.11	100.24
Rate	EUR/JPY	107.15	134.38
	INR/JPY	1.50	1.68

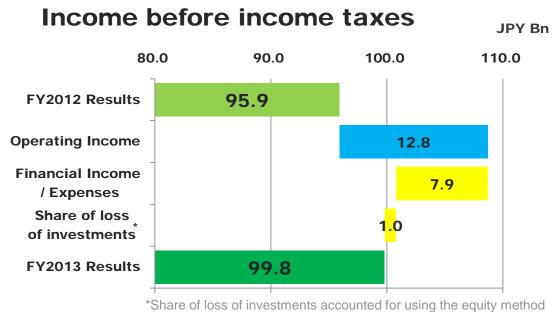
FY2013 Operating Income





FY2013 Income / Net Income



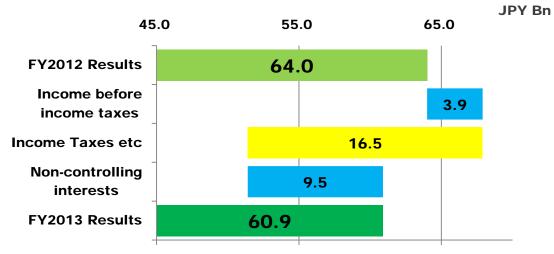


Positive Factors

Negative Factors

RLL: derivatives losses and higher finance cost etc.

Net Income(Owners of the company)



Income Taxes:

- •Effective tax rate: 31.2% → 46.5%
- Non-application of R&D tax credit following the tax loss carried forward after the tax write-off of edoxaban clinical study expenses
- DTA reversal due to expiration of the special corporation tax

Forecast of FY2014

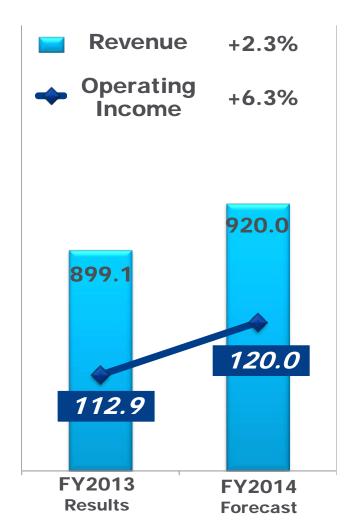
- Daiichi Sankyo Group only-



JPY Bn

	FY2013 Results	FY2014 Forecast	YoY
Revenue	899.1	920.0	+2.3%
Cost of Sales	282.9	285.0	+2.1
R&D Expenses	180.7	182.0	+1.3
Other Expenses	322.7	333.0	+10.3
Operating Income	112.9	120.0	+6.3%
Income before income tax	112.9	120.0	+7.1
Net income (attributable to owners)	68.8	78.0	+13.3% + 9.2

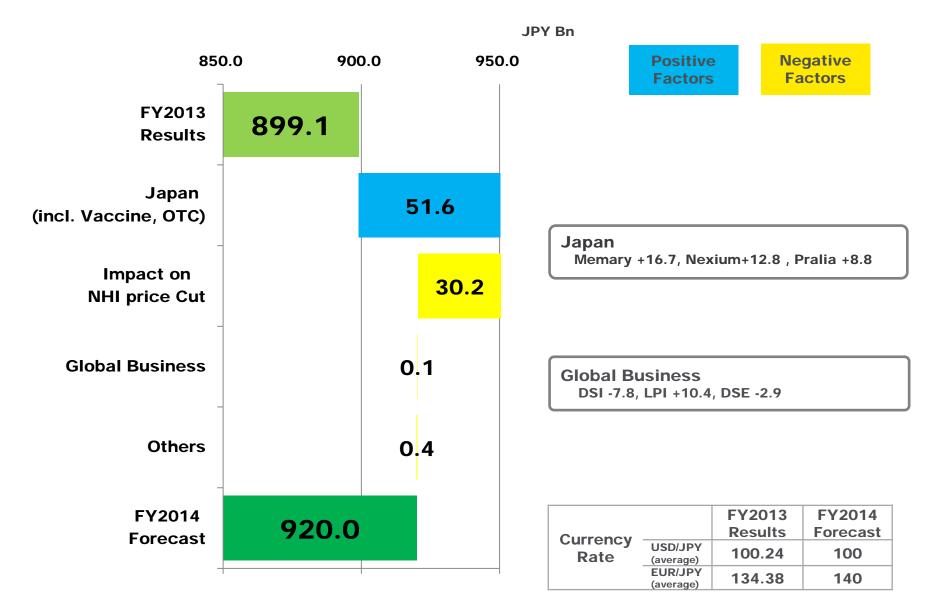
Divid per s	lend share	60 yen	60 yen
Currency	USD/JPY (average)	100.24	100
Rate	EUR/JPY (average)	134.38	140



Figures do not include Ranbaxy, which will not be consolidated, post its merger with Sun Pharma.

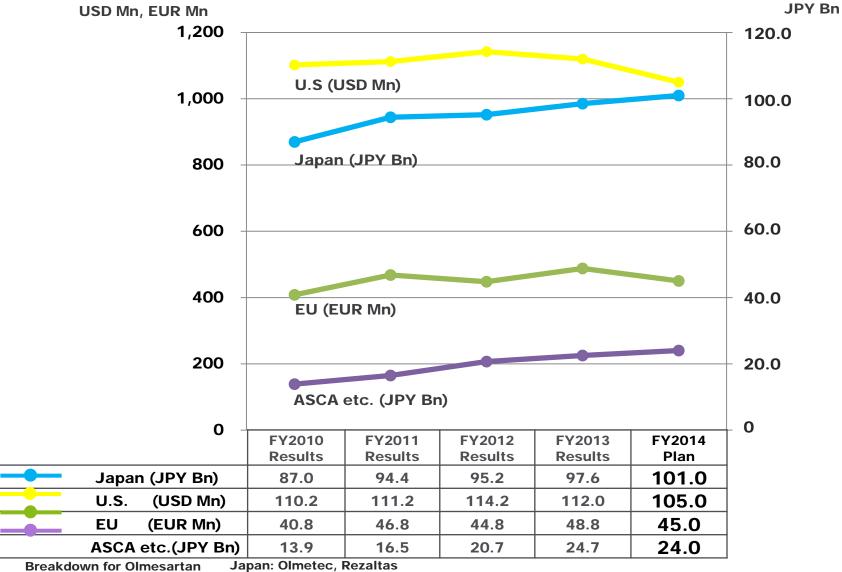
FY2014 Revenue Forecast





Sales of Olmesartan (Local Currency Basis)





Japan: Olmetec, Rezaltas

U.S.: Benicar, Benicar HCT, Azor, Tribenzor

Europe: Olmetec, Olmetec Plus, Sevikar, Sevikar HCT

FY2014: Principal management objectives

- Target Revenue growth and higher profits
 - Revenue : JPY 920 Bn (YoY + 2.3%)
 - Op. Income : JPY 120 Bn (YoY + 6.3%)
- Maximize full potential of global products
 - Olmesartan: Maintain sales at JPY 300 Bn level
 - Prasugrel : Japan launch and expansion in existing markets
 - Edoxaban :Secure NDA approval and launch
- Focused regional strategy
 - Japan: Expanded market share through new products
 - LPI: Injectafer to bring back sales growth
- Ramp up efforts on improving profitability
 - Drive structural reform to optimize business operation



Target at Japan business

Efient: Antiplatelet agent



- Aim to become the standard antiplatelet therapy in Japan
 - Prevent MACE* earlier after treatment
 - Similar safety profile with Clopidogrel
 - More stabile reduction of platelet aggregation activities

* Major Adverse Cardiovascular Events

- Japanese Anti-platelet market
 - Over JPY 180 billion scale (NHI price basis)
 - Expanded over 30% in last five years
 - Clopidogrel, market leader with over 60% market share

Major Products in Japan



JPY Bn

		FY2012 Results	FY2013 Results	FY2014 Plan
Olmetec	anti-hypertension	78.3	79.1	79.0
Rezaltas	anti-hypertension	16.9	18.5	22.0
Loxonin	analgesic and anti- inflammatory	59.6	59.3	52.0
Cravit	antibacterial	35.9	33.5	29.0
Nexium	anti-ulcer (Proton Pump Inhibitor)	21.6	54.2	67.0
Memary	treatment for Alzheimer	23.8	33.3	50.0
Artist	anti-hypertension	25.8	21.5	17.0
Mevalotin	anti-hyperlipidemia	22.4	22.4	21.0
Omnipaque	contrast medium	20.2	19.7	15.0
Urief	treatment for dysuria	11.1	11.4	10.0
Inavir	anti-influenza	11.1	13.4	10.0
Ranmark	treatment for bone metastasis	4.4	8.1	10.0
Pralia	osteoporosis		3.2	12.0



Target at US / EU affiliates

Daiichi Sankyo Inc.



FY 2013 (Results)

- Olmesartan maintained its market share in ARB segment
- Effient and Welchol grew

FY 2014 (Target)

- Protect Olmesartan and Effient sales
- Welchol loss of Exclusivity
- Successful Edoxaban launch and smooth market dissemination
- Look for in-organic growth opportunities

Daiichi Sankyo Europe GmbH



FY 2013 (Results)

- Olmesartan sales grew
- Increasing competition impacted Efient growth
- Optimized sales force to tune with changing environment

FY 2014 (Target)

- Protect Olmesartan and Effent sales
- Successful Edoxaban launch and smooth market dissemination
- Secure the new marketing model, "Access model"

Luitpold Pharmaceuticals Inc.



FY 2013 (Results)

- Successful Injectafer launch and smooth market dissemination
- Optimized manufacturing at Shirley, while undergoing GMP remediation process

FY 2014 (Target)

- Injectafer rapid growth
- Maintain Venofer solid position
- Back to full scale manufacturing at Shirley and start manufacturing at New Ohio facility*

^{*} Subject to successful USFDA inspection

Injectafer

- New treatment option -



Market leading potential

- Broader Indication
- Superior anemia improvement compare to oral iron
- Highest FDA approved IV iron dose
- Fast infusion time(minimum 15 minutes)



Iron IV Market for IDA

- Dialysis market: Mature
- Non-dialysis market: Expected huge potential
 - Unmet needs
 - Expecting double digit annual growth by expanding into GI, Hem/Onc, and Women's health area



Edoxaban Marketing Strategy

Global market landscape and required capabilities



Market characteristics

- NOAC sales growing rapidly
- Warfarin volume still significant
- Current market leader: Rivaroxaban
- Mature markets, such as Japan, US and Europe, driving the NOAC market growth

Required capabilities

- "Quality" over "Quantity"
- Multiple stakeholder interactions
- Consistent brand strategies and quick decision making

Edoxaban: Competitive advantage



- Unique combination of both once-daily convenience and superior safety
- Patient specific dosing based on patients' condition
- Results from the largest single comparative studies in SPAF and VTE with very high quality
 - ENGAGE AF-TIMI 48 (n=21,105, 2.8 year follow up)
 - Hokusai-VTE (n=8,292, 12 month follow up)
 - Non-inferior in efficacy and superior in safety compared to well-managed warfarin
- Accumulated safety data from more than 150,000
 DVT-OS patients post launch of Lixiana in Japan

Daiichi Sankyo: Competitive advantage



- Strong presence in cardiovascular and thrombosis areas through Olmesartan and Prasugrel
- High-quality commercial capabilities in Japan, US and Europe
 - ✓ Japan: Top class commercial capabilities
 - ✓ US and EU: Shift of business model to the "Access Model"

Global business strategy



□ Japan, US and Europe

- No global partnering
- Maintain consistent brand strategies and quick decision making
- Other regions and countries
 - Optimize business model through adequate partnering in each country or region

Edoxaban Global NDA / Launch Schedule



Target Indication		FY2	2014	FY2015 ~
Target Indications		Apr-Sep	Oct-Mar	F12015 **
Prevention of stroke and systemic embolic events in patients with atrial fibrillation Engage AF TIMI 48	NDA filing <u>JPN</u> Dec/2013	Authority's Review	Approval Launch JP,US,EU	Launch EU, Asia, Latin America & others
Acute treatment and long-term prevention of thromboembolic event in patient with DVT*/PE**	<u>US/EU</u> Jan/2014	Authority's Review	Approval Launch JP,US,EU	Launch EU, Asia, Latin America & others

*DVT : Deep Vein Thrombosis **PE : Pulmonary Embolism

Today's Summary



- Growth in Sales and Operating Income
 - Sales Target: JPY 920 Bn (YoY + 2.3%)
 - Operating Income Target: JPY 120 Bn (YoY + 6.3%)
- Edoxaban successful launch and smooth market dissemination
- Market share expansion in Japan
- Injectafer rapid expanding

Major R&D Pipeline

As of May 2014



Therapeutic area	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Application
Cardiovascular- Metabolics	■ DS-7309 (Diabetes / Glucokinase activator) ■ DS-8500 (Diabetes / GPR119 agonist) ■ DS-1442 (Dyslipidemia / CETP inhibitor) ■ DS-1040 (Acute ischemic stroke / TAFIa inhibitor)	CS-3150 (JP) (Hypertensive / DM nephropathy / MR antagonist)	■ Prasugrel(JP) (CS-747 / ischemic stroke / anti-platelet agent) ■ Prasugrel (US) (CS-747 / Sickle Cell Disease / anti-platelet agent)	Prasugrel (JP) (CS-747 / PCI / anti-platelet agent) Edoxaban (US/EU /JP) (DU-176b / AF / oral factor Xa inhibitor) Edoxaban (US/EU /JP) (DU-176b / VTE / oral factor Xa inhibitor)
Oncology	■ U3-1565 (US/JP) (Anti-HB-EGF antibody) ■ DS-2248 (US) (HSP90 inhibitor) ■ DS-7423 (US/JP) (PI3K/mTOR inhibitor) ■ DS-3078 (US/EU) (mTOR inhibitor) ■ DS-3032 (US) (MDM2 inhibitor) ■ PLX7486(US) (Fms/Trk inhibitor) ■ DS-8895(JP) (Anti-EPHA2 antibody) ■ DS-8273(US) (Anti DR5 antibody) ■ PLX8394(US) (BRAF inhibitor)	■ Patritumab (US/EU) (U3-1287 / anti-HER3 antibody) ■ Vemurafenib (US/EU) (PLX4032 / BRAF inhibitor) ■ PLX3397 (US) (Fms/Kit/Flt3-ITD inhibitor)	■ Tivantinib (US/EU) (ARQ 197 / HCC / Met inhibitor) ■ Denosumab (JP) (AMG 162 / breast cancer adjuvant / anti-RANKL antibody) ■ Nimotuzumab (JP) (DE-766 / Gastric cancer / anti-EGFR antibody)	■ Denosumab (JP) (AMG 162 / Giant Cell tumor / anti-RANKL antibody)
Others	■ PLX5622 (Rheumatoid arthritis / FMS kinase inhibitor) ■ DS-1093 (Anemia of chronic kidney disease/HIF-PH inhibitor) ■ DS-3801 (Chronic obstipation/GPR 38 agonist) ■ DS-1971 (Chronic pain)	Mirogabalin (Global) (DS-5565 / Chronic pain / α2δ ligand) SUN13837 (US/EU) (Spinal cord injury / Modulator of bFGF signaling system) Laninamivir (US/EU) (CS-8958 / anti-influenza / Outlicensing with Biota) loforminol (JP) (GE-145/X-ray contrast media/Angiografic	■ Levofloxacin (JP) (DR-3355 / anti-infection / New quinolone) ■ Denosumab (JP) (AMG 162 / rheumatoid arthritis / anti-RANKL anti-body) ■ Hydromorphone (DS-7113 / Narcotic analgesic / opioid mu-receptor regulator)	

•Prasugrel : Approved in Mar 2013 and to be launched in May in Japan

Mirogabalin : Plan to be presented its P2 results at ADA in Jun 2014
 (DS-5565) Plan to be started P3 study in FY2014

Contact address regarding this material

Daiichi Sankyo Co., Ltd. Corporate Communications Department

TEL: +81-3-6225-1126

Financial forecasts, future projections and R&D information that Daiichi Sankyo discloses may include information that might be classified as "Forward Looking Statement". These forward looking statements represent our current assumptions basis on information currently available. Please note that such are subject to a number of known and unknown risk and uncertainties and our future performance may differ from the expectations as expressed in such statements.